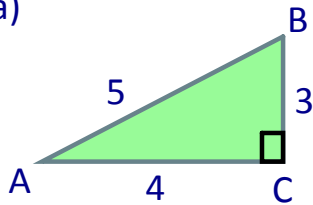


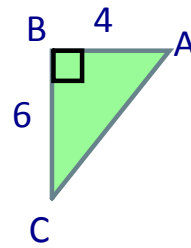
### 6.3B The Tangent, Sine and Cosine Ratios- Day 2

Ex. 1 Solve for  $\angle A$  using two different ratios.

a)



b)



Ex. 2 From a point 45 m from the base of WCSS the angle of elevation to the top of the school is  $30^\circ$ . What is the height of the school to the nearest metre?

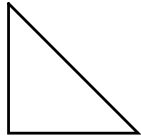


To "Solve" a triangle means to determine all side lengths and all angle measures that aren't given in the question.

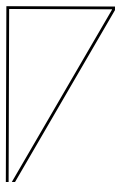
Tools:    sum of angles in a triangle is  $180^\circ$  (angles)  
              pythagorean theorem (sides)  
              trigonometric ratios (angles & sides)

Solve the following triangles.  
Include a labelled diagram as part of your solution.

Ex. 3 In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\angle B = 90^\circ$ ,  $c = 5\text{ cm}$  and  $a = 11\text{ cm}$ .

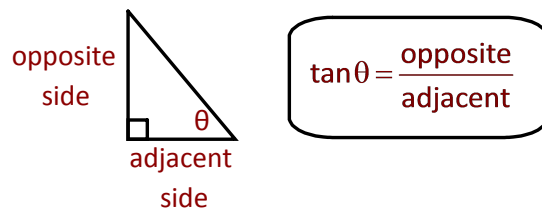


Ex. 4 In  $\triangle DEF$ ,  $\angle F = 90^\circ$ ,  $\angle E = 23^\circ$  and  $f = 82\text{ m}$ .

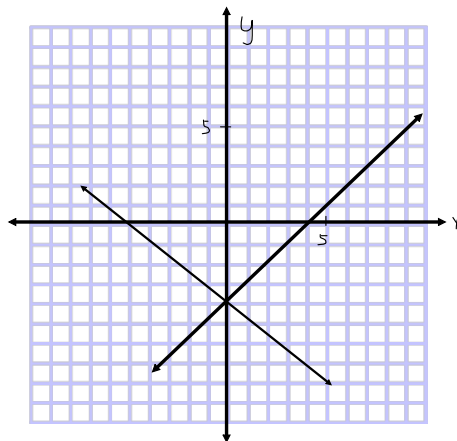


Ex. 5 Find the height of a tree to the nearest metre given the tree's shadow is 14m and the angle to the top of the tree from the ground is  $25^\circ$ .





Ex. 6 Find the equation of a line that makes an angle of  $45^\circ$  with the x-axis and has a y-intercept of -4.



## Homework

Pg. 363 #11,13,15,16

Pg. 375 # 12a,13,16,19,24,26

