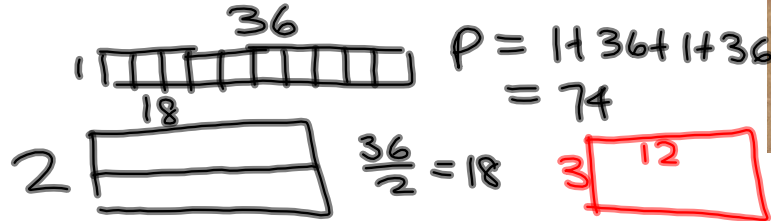


7.3 Minimum Perimeter for a Given Area

Investigation: page 61 in text.

Michael has 36 square stones to arrange as a rectangular patio. He will then buy edging to go around the patio.

- Sketch a few of the different patios that can be created.



- Which patio requires the least amount of edging?



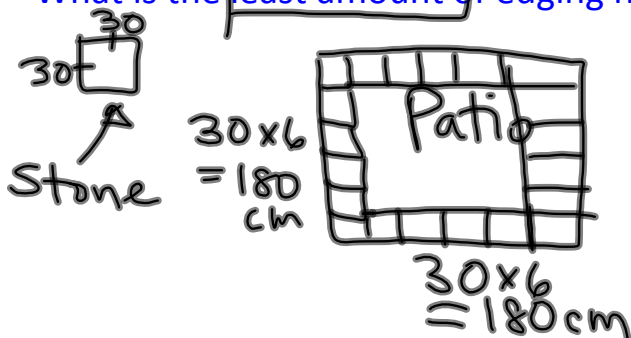
Area	Length	Width <i>Divide area by the length</i>	Perimeter $P = 2l + 2w$
36	1	$36 \div 1 = 36$	$2(1) + 2(36) = 74$
36	2	18	$2(2) + 2(18) = 40$
36	3	12	30
36	4	9	26
36	5	7.2	Don't use 5 as we can't have part of a stone.
36	6	6	24

Minimum perimeter ←

$A = 36$ $\sqrt{36}$

⇒ For rectangles with a fixed area, a square has the minimum perimeter.

- Suppose each stone has a side length of 30 cm. What is the least amount of edging needed for the patio?



Edging = Perimeter
 $= 180 + 180 + 180 + 180$
 (or 4×180)

Ex. 1: For 75 pao stones, what are the dimensions that give the minimum perimeter?

THINK

Minimum perimeter = square.
 \therefore make a chart with factors of 75.
 (numbers that multiply to 75)

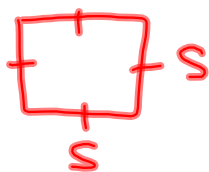
length	width	perimeter
1	75	$2(1) + 2(75) = 152$
3	25	56
5	15	$2(5) + 2(15) = 40$
15	5	repeat

⇒ If it is not possible to form a square, (sides are restricted to whole numbers), then the minimum perimeter occurs when the rectangle is closest to a square.

Ex. 2: What is the minimum perimeter of a rectangle having an area of:

a) 121 cm^2

∴ SQUARE



$$A = s^2$$

$$121 = s^2$$

$$\sqrt{121} = s$$

$$11 \text{ cm} = s$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore P &= 11 + 11 + 11 + 11 \\ &= 4(11) \\ &= 44 \end{aligned}$$

b) 90 cm^2

SQUARE

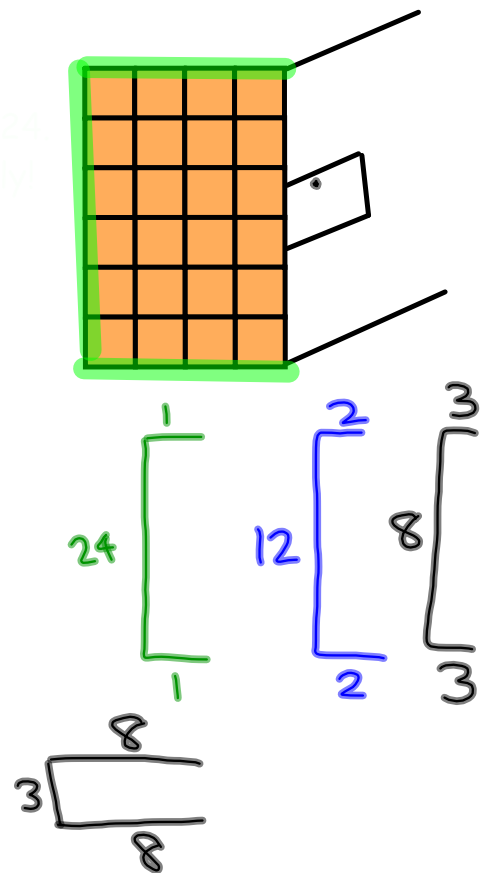
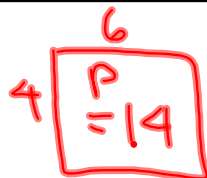
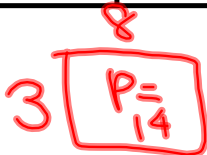
$$\begin{aligned} s &= \sqrt{90} \\ &\approx 9.5 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 4(9.5) \\ &\approx 38 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Ex. 3: A pao is to be built on the side of a house using 24 congruent square stones. It will then be edged on 3 sides. Which arrangement requires the minimum edging?



length	width	perimeter
1	24	$2(1) + 24 = 26$
2	12	$2(2) + 12 = 16$
3	8	$2(3) + 8 = 14$
4	6	$2(4) + 6 = 14$
6	4	$2(6) + 4 = 16$
8	3	$2(8) + 3 = 19$
12	2	$2(12) + 2 = 26$
24	1	$2(24) + 1 = 49$



HOMEWORK

page 63 #3i, ii, 5ad, 7

page 68 #4, 5

